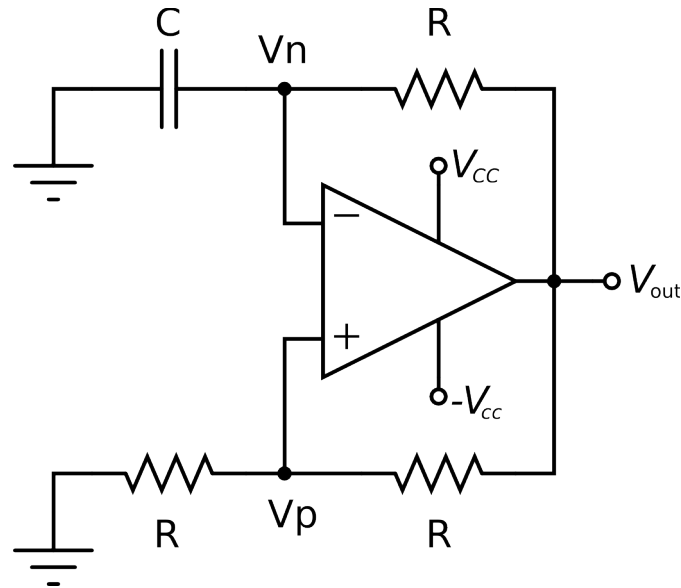


# Electronics II

## Relaxation Oscillator

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**Figure 1:** Relaxation Oscillator based on an ideal op-amp and two feedback loops, one containing a capacitor.

The Relaxation Oscillator shown in Figure 1 is based on periodic charging and discharging of the capacitor C.

1. Draw plots of the signals at  $V_n$ ,  $V_p$  and  $V_{out}$  as a function of time.
2. Determine the oscillating frequency as a function of the parameters.

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Consider a feedback amplifier for which the open-loop transfer function  $A(s)$  is given by

$$A(s) = \left( \frac{10}{1 + s/10^4} \right)^3$$

( $s = j\omega$ ). Let the feedback factor  $\beta$  be a constant independent of frequency. Find the frequency at which the phase shift is  $180^\circ$ . Then, show that the feedback amplifier will be stable if the feedback factor  $\beta$  is less than a critical value  $\beta_{cr}$  and unstable if  $\beta \geq \beta_{cr}$ , and find the value of  $\beta_{cr}$ . Phase margin:  $0^\circ$  or  $45^\circ$ . (Sedra & Smith, Ex. 8.10).