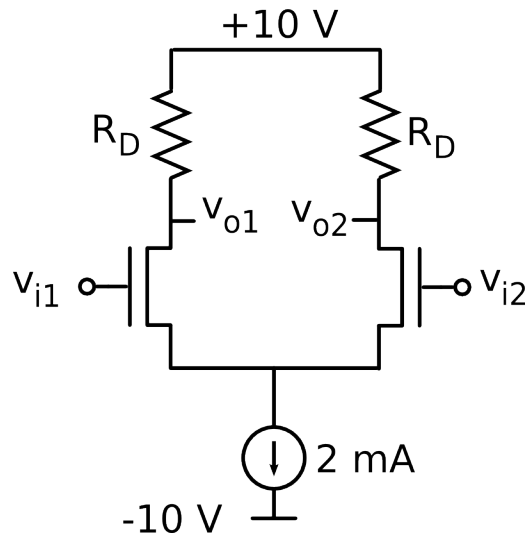


Electronics II

Differential Pair FET

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1:

The figure above shows a differential pair based on FETs with a current source of 2 mA that has an output resistance of 200 k Ω . The FET-parameters are: $K = \mu C_{ox} W/L = 2 \text{ mA/V}^2$ and $V_T = 0$. $R_D = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$.

- Calculate the bias point of the circuit.
- Calculate the common-mode gain, A_{cm} , the differential-mode gain A_{dm} , and the CMRR.
- Calculate the input resistance r_{in} and output resistance r_{out} of the circuit.

FET:

$$I_D = K (V_{GS} - V_T) V_{DS} \text{ (linear)}$$

$$I_D = K/2 (V_{GS} - V_T)^2 \text{ (saturation)}$$

2:

In the theoretical lectures we found a relation between the input signal difference (V_1 e V_2) and the output currents (I_{E1} e I_{E2}) for large signals (Ebers-Moll) for a differential pair based on bipolar transistors. The conclusion there was that the output signal is linear proportional to the input signal difference until about 3 times V_T , in other words about 75 mV.

Repeat the calculations for a differential based on FETs.

(Difficult! You can use electronics simulators such as SPICE or Workbench)